Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018

Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

1.Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name L-tryptophan

1.2 Other means of identification

Product number ABR2008

Other names L-Tryptophan

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses For industry use only. Uses advised against no data available

1.4 Supplier's details

Company Acros PharmaTech Limited

HongKong: Unit 3A-8,12/F,Kaiser Centre,No.18 Centre Street,Sai Ying Pun,HongKong **Address**

Mainland: Suite 920, Changwu Road 888, Changzhou, Jiangsu, China

Telephone 86(519)85265509

2. Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s) No symbol. Signal word No signal word.

Hazard statement(s) none

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention none Response none Storage none Disposal none

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name Common names and synonyms CAS number EC number Concentration

L-tryptophan 73-22-3 none ≥98% L-tryptophan

4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice



Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018 Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: When heated to decomposition this compound emits toxic fumes.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

/SRP:/ Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. /Poisons A and B/

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Fires involving this material should be controlled using a dry chemical, carbon dioxide or Halon extinguisher.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flash point data for this chemical are not available. It is probably combustible.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6.Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.



Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018 Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Protect from light

8.Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique(without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: White powder with a flat taste. An essential amino **Physical state**

acid; occurs in isomeric forms.

Colour Leaflets or plates from dilute alcohol

Odour **Odorless** Melting point/ freezing point 282°C(dec.)(lit.) Boiling point or initial boiling point and 158°C/5mmHg(lit.)



Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018

Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

boiling range

Flammability no data available

Lower and upper explosion limit /

no data available flammability limit

217°C(lit.) Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature no data available **Decomposition temperature** no data available

A 1% solution in water has a pH of 5.5 to 7. pН

Kinematic viscosity no data available Solubility 1 to 5 mg/mL at 20°C

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log

value)

no data available

2.1X10-9 mm Hg at 25°C (est) Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density no data available Relative vapour density no data available **Particle characteristics** no data available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Acidic salts, such as L-TRYPTOPHAN, are generally soluble in water. The resulting solutions contain moderate concentrations of hydrogen ions and have pH's of less than 7.0. They react as acids to neutralize bases. These neutralizations generate heat, but less or far less than is generated by neutralization of inorganic acids, inorganic oxoacids, and carboxylic acid. They usually do not react as either oxidizing agents or reducing agents but such behavior is not impossible. Many of these compounds catalyze organic reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /nitric oxide/.

11.Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation



Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018

Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: At 500 ppm, theoretical BOD values of 0.6, 1.4, and 4.6% in 6, 12, and 24 hours, respectively, were measured for (L)-tryptophan after a 24-hr inoculation period in a Warburg respirometer using an activated sludge inocula, indicating a resistence to biodegradation(1).

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for (L)-tryptophan(SRC), using a log Kow of -1.06(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

12.4 Mobility in soil

The Koc of (L)-tryptophan is estimated as 320(SRC), using a log Kow of -1.06(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that (L)-tryptophan is expected to have moderate mobility in soil. The pKa values of pKa1 2.38 (carboxylic acid) and pKa2 9.39 (primary amine)(4) indicate that this compound will exist as a zwitterion which may affect its adsorption to soils and sediments(SRC).



Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018 Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13.Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: unknown IMDG: unknown IATA: unknown

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

15.Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name Common names and synonyms CAS number EC number L-tryptophan L-tryptophan 73-22-3 none

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed.



Listed.

Version: 1.0

Creation Date: Aug 20, 2018 Revision Date: Aug 20, 2018

EC Inventory Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Not Listed. **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** Listed. Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC) Listed.

16.Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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